

# **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

## **MSD Pro-Billet Marine Distributor** **Chevrolet, PN 8560, PN 85603**

**ONLINE PRODUCT REGISTRATION:** Register your MSD product online. Registering your product will help if there is ever a warranty issue with your product and helps the MSD R&D team create new products that you ask for! Go to [www.msperformance.com/registration](http://www.msperformance.com/registration).

**Important:** Read these instructions before attempting the installation.

### **Parts Included:**

1 - Pro-Billet Distributor	2 - 10-32 x 3/4" Socket Head Screws
1 - Rotor, PN 8467	1 - Advance Kit
1 - Distributor Cap, PN 8565, PN 85653	1 - Gasket
1 - Wire Retainer	1 - Tube of Gear Lubricant
2 - 1.5" Self Tapping Screws	2 - O-Rings (Chevy Only)

**WARNING:** Before installing the MSD Distributor, disconnect the battery cables. When disconnecting the battery cables, always remove the Negative (-) cable first and install it last.

**Note:** The terminals of this Distributor require spark plug style terminals. You may need to change the terminals and boots of your wires. MSD offers two kits, PN 8849 or PN 8848 that are supplied with nine boots and terminals.

**Note:** If the gear is ever replaced, MSD Gear (PN 8531) is required for replacement due to the .500" diameter shaft.

**Note:** An MSD Ignition is required to use an MSD Pro-Billet Marine Distributor.

**Note:** For these distributors to meet the U.S. Coast Guard's U.L. approval, use only the supplied distributor cap that is screwed down. The cap is PN 8565 or PN 85653 .

## **TIMING FUNCTIONS**

Before continuing with the installation, here are a few definitions you should be aware of:

**Initial Timing:** This is the base timing (also referred to as idle timing) of the engine before the centrifugal advance begins.

**Centrifugal Advance:** The centrifugal (or mechanical) advance mechanism is made up of weights, springs, advance cams, and an advance stop bushing. The amount and rate of advance that your distributor is capable of is determined by the centrifugal timing. If you ever wish to lock out the centrifugal advance, refer to the centrifugal advance section.

**Total Timing:** This is the total of the initial timing plus the centrifugal advance added together. Example: 10° Initial + 25° centrifugal = 35° Total Timing. (When checking Total timing, disconnect the vacuum canister and plug the vacuum source.)

**Note:** MSD Distributors are supplied with the heavy (slow) advance springs installed. This is to prevent detonation in certain applications. Review the information on pages 2-4 to determine the best advance curve for your application.

## **CHOOSING AN ADVANCE CURVE**

The function of the advance curve is to match the ignition timing to the burning rate of the fuel and speed (rpm) of the engine. Any factor that changes the burning rate of the fuel or the engine speed can cause a need for an ignition timing change. Figure 1 shows some of the factors that will affect engine timing.

<b>FACTOR</b>	<b>Advance Timing For</b>	<b>Retard Timing For</b>
Cylinder Pressure	Low	High
Vacuum	High	Low
Energy of Ignition	Low	High
Fuel Octane	High	Low
Mixture (Air/Fuel)	Rich	Lean
Temperature	Cool	Hot
Combustion Chamber Shape	Open	Compact
Spark Plug Location	Offset	Center
Combustion Turbulence	Low	High
Load	Light	Heavy

**Figure 1 Ignition Timing Factors.**

As you can see from the chart, most factors will change throughout the range of the engine operation. The timing mechanism of the distributor must make timing changes based on these factors.

**Example:** An engine has 11:1 compression with a high energy ignition. With the specifications given, you will have to retard the timing for the high compression and high energy ignition. By comparing the engine's specifications against the chart, a usable timing guideline can be found. Engines with a combination of items from both columns will require a timing that is set in the mid range.

Obviously a full technical explanation of correct ignition timing would be very complicated. The best way to arrive at a suitable ignition curve for your engine is to use the Ignition Timing Factors Chart as a guide and compare it to the Advance Graphs in Figure 4 until a suitable curve is found. When selecting your advance curve, use detonation (engine ping) as an indicator of too much advance, and a decrease in power as an indicator of too little advance.

### **TIPS ON SELECTING AN ADVANCE CURVE**

- Use as much initial advance as possible without encountering excessive starter load.
- Start the centrifugal advance just above the idle rpm.
- The starting point of the centrifugal advance curve is controlled by the installed length and tension of the spring.
- How quickly the centrifugal advance (slope) comes in is controlled by the spring stiffness. The stiffer the spring, the slower the advance curve.
- The amount of advance is controlled by the advance bushing. The bigger the bushing, the smaller the amount of advance.

## **CENTRIFUGAL ADVANCE CURVE**

### **SELECTING THE ADVANCE SPRINGS**

The rate, or how quick the advance comes in is determined by the type of springs which are installed on the distributor. The MSD distributors are equipped with two Heavy Silver springs installed. These will give you the slowest advance curve possible (Figure 2). The parts kit contains two additional sets of springs which can be used to match the advance curve to your particular application. Refer to the Spring Combination Chart (Figure 3) for combinations that can be achieved.

To change the springs, remove the cap and rotor and use needlenose pliers to remove the springs. Be sure the new springs seat in the groove on the pin.

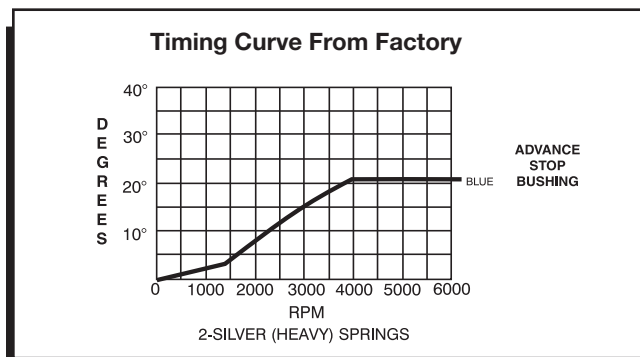


Figure 2 The Factory Equipped Curve.

SPRING COMBINATION	RATE OF ADVANCE	FIGURE 4
2- Heavy Silver		A
1- Heavy Silver		B
1- Light Blue		C
1-Heavy Silver		D
1-Light Silver		E
2- Light Blue		D
1- Light Silver		E
1- Light Blue		F
2- Light Silver	FASTEST	F

Figure 3 Spring Combination Chart.

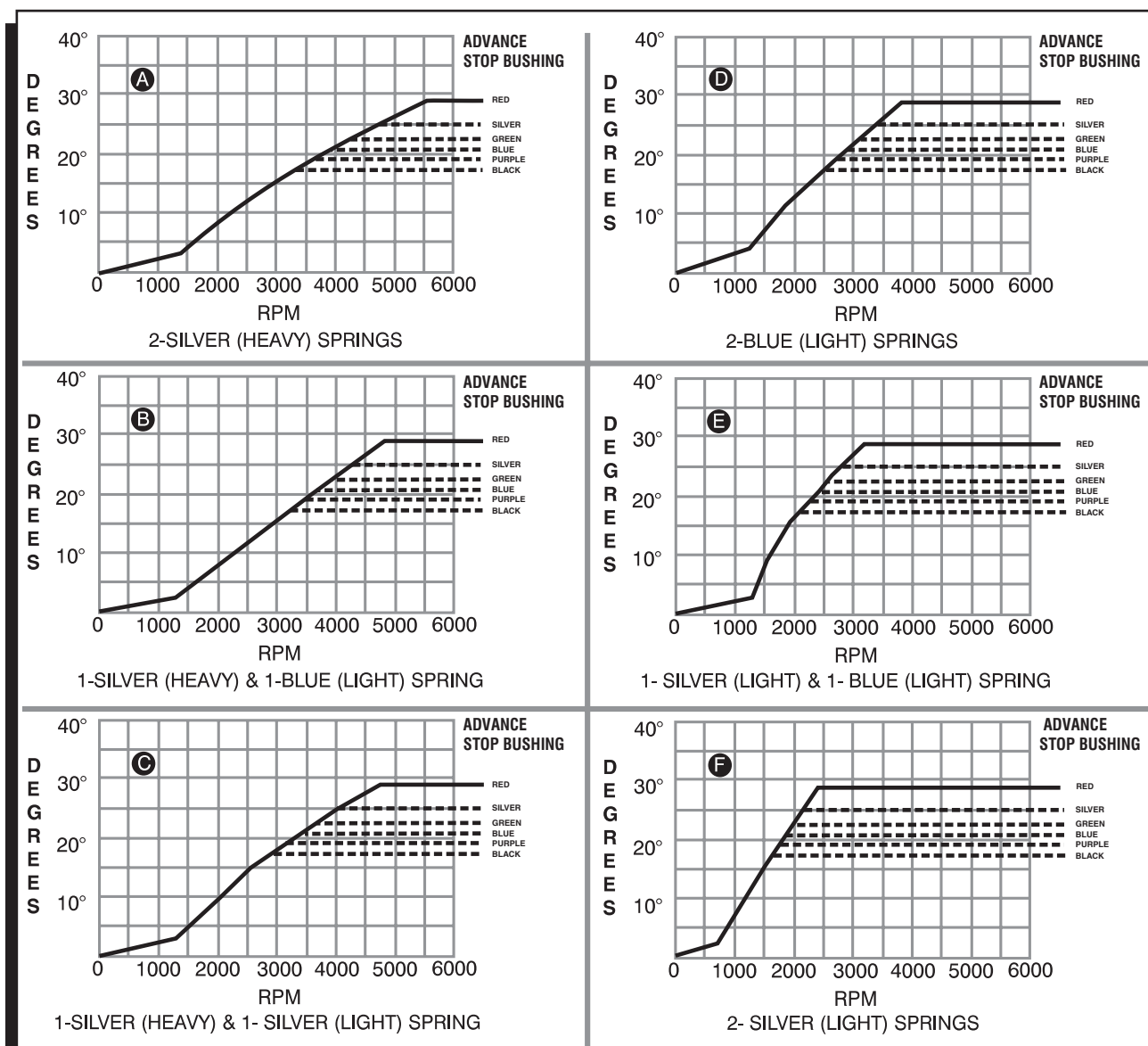


Figure 4 Advance Curves.

## SELECTING THE ADVANCE STOP BUSHING

Five different advance stop bushings are supplied in the distributor kit. The distributor comes with a Blue (21°) bushing already installed. If a different amount of centrifugal advance is desired, follow the next procedure to change the bushings. The chart in Figure 5 gives the size and approximate degrees for the corresponding bushings.

## CHANGING THE ADVANCE STOP BUSHINGS

1. Remove the distributor cap and rotor.
2. Remove the locknut and washer on the bottom of the advance assembly (Figure 6).
3. Remove the bushing and install the new one. Install the washer and locknut. Use care not to over-tighten.

## LOCKING OUT THE CENTRIFUGAL ADVANCE ON A FORD

1. Remove the cap and rotor.
2. Remove the advance springs, weights and the advance stop bushing from the advance assembly.
3. Remove the roll-pin from the shaft and slide the retaining sleeve down. It should not be necessary to remove the gear (Figure 7).
4. Slide the shaft two inches out of the housing.
5. Rotate the shaft 180° and insert the advance stop bushing pin into the small hole on the advance plate (Figure 8).
6. Install the locknut and washer to the advance stop bushing pin.
7. Install the retaining sleeve and roll-pin.

## LOCKING OUT THE CENTRIFUGAL ADVANCE ON A CHEVY

1. Remove the advance components including the springs, weights and the advance stop bushing from the advance assembly.
2. Remove the roll-pin from the drive gear and remove the gear from the shaft.
3. Slide the shaft two inches out of the housing.
4. Rotate the shaft 180° and insert the advance stop bushing pin into the small hole on the advance plate (Figure 8).
5. Install the locknut and washer to the advance stop bushing pin. This locks the advance in place. Do not overtighten.
6. Install the drive gear and roll-pin.

BUSHING SIZE	APPROXIMATE CRANKSHAFT DEGREES
Red-Smallest	28
Silver	25
Green	23
Blue	21
Purple	19
Black-Largest	18

Figure 5 Advance Stop Bushing Chart.

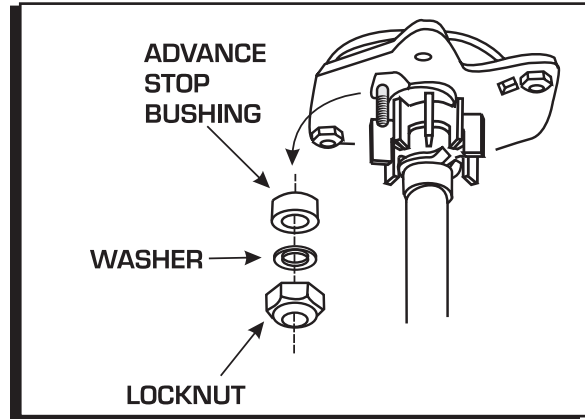


Figure 6 Changing the Advance Stop Bushing.

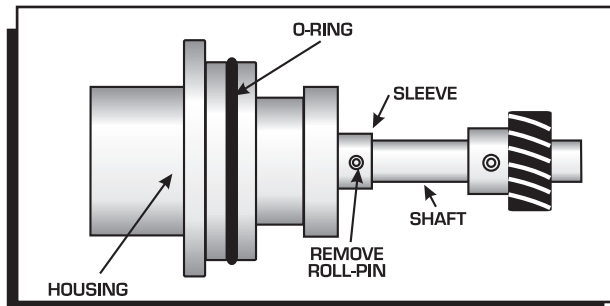


Figure 7 Removing the Retaining Sleeve.

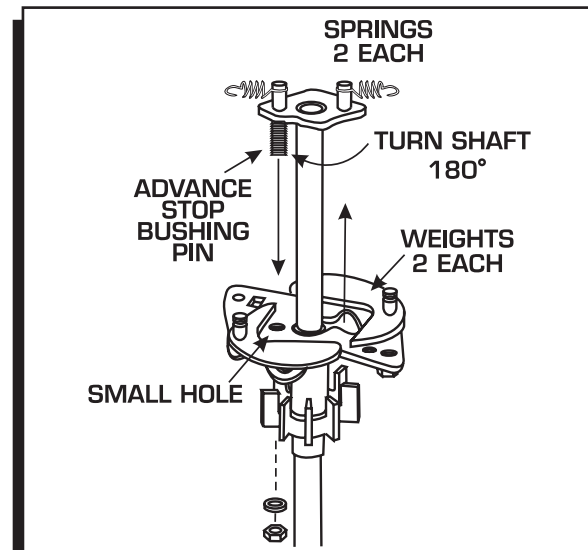


Figure 8 Locking Out the Advance.

## INSTALLING THE DISTRIBUTOR

1. Remove the existing distributor cap without disconnecting any of the spark plug wires.
2. With the cap off, crank the engine until the rotor is aimed at a fixed point on the engine or firewall. Note this position by making a mark (Figure 10).
3. Place the distributor cap back on and note which plug wire the rotor is pointing to. **MARK THE SPARK PLUG WIRES** and remove the distributor cap.
4. Disconnect the wiring from the distributor.
5. Loosen the distributor hold down clamp and slide the clamp out of the way.
6. Lift the distributor out of the engine. Note that the rotor rotates as you lift the distributor out. This is due to the helical cut gear and should be taken into consideration when installing the new distributor.
7. Install the gasket and apply a liberal amount of the supplied lubricant to the distributor gear. (The supplied O-rings can **only** be used if the Chevrolet block has been modified as shown in Figure 11.)
8. Install the distributor making sure that the rotor comes to rest pointing at the fixed mark. If the distributor will not fully seat with the rotor pointing to the marked position, you may need to rotate the oil pump shaft until the rotor lines up and the distributor fully seats.
9. Position and tighten the hold down clamp onto the distributor.
10. Install the distributor cap and spark plug wires one at a time to ensure correct location. A wire retainer is supplied to secure the wires in place. Align the mounting bosses and use the supplied 1.5" self-tapping Phillips screws to hold the retainer in place.

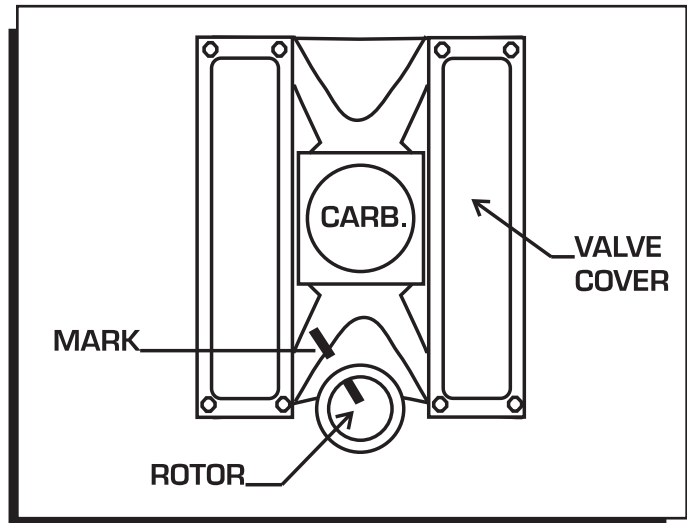


Figure 10 Marking the Rotor Location.

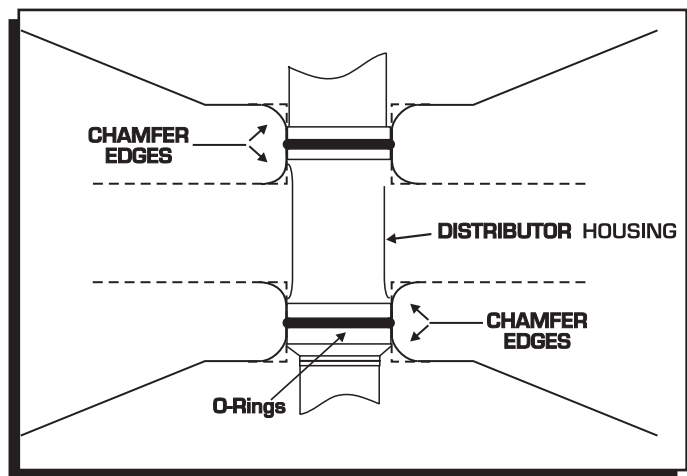


Figure 11 Modified Chevy Block for use with O-Rings.

**WARNING:** High voltage is present on the coil terminals. Do not touch the terminals or coil tower when the engine is cranking or running.

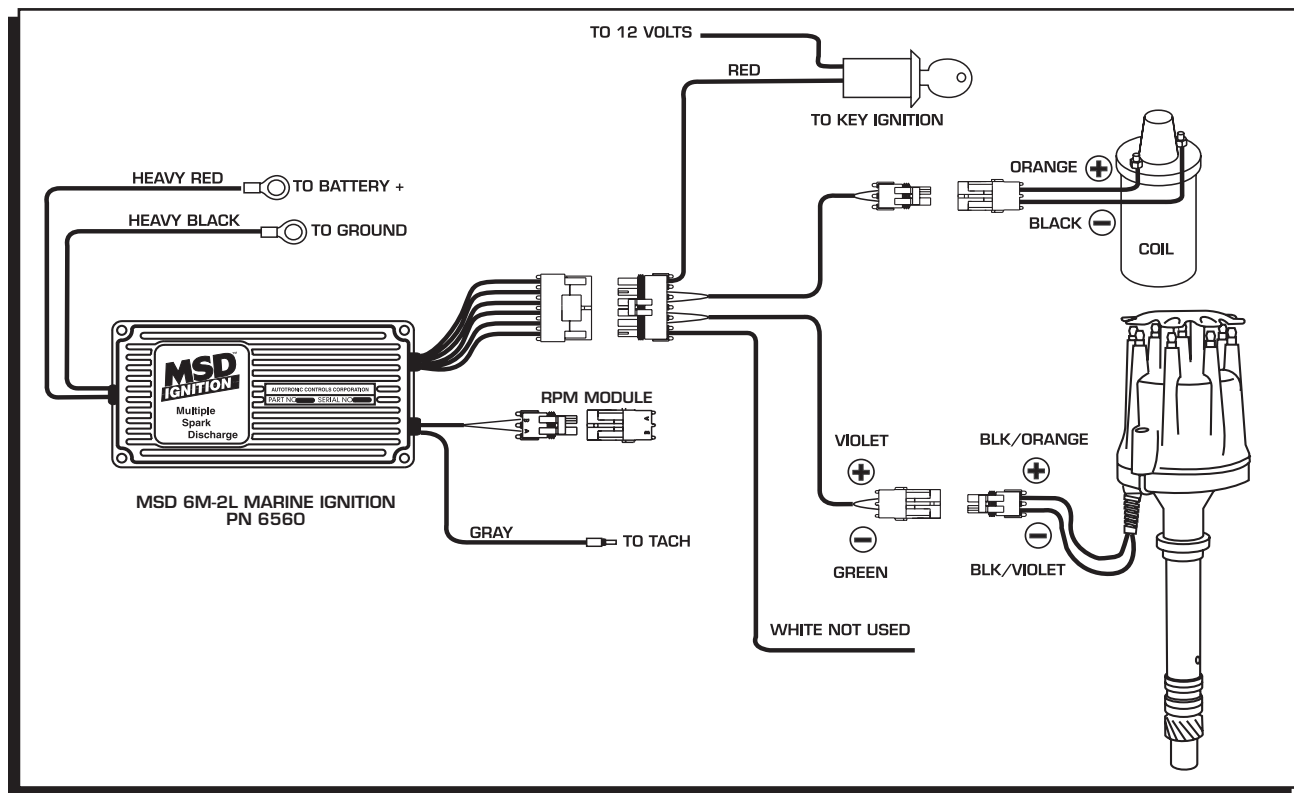


Figure 12 Wiring to an MSD 6M-2L Ignition Control.

## TECH NOTES

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When returning the unit for repair, leave all wires at the length in which you have them installed. Be sure to include a detailed account of any problems experienced, and what components and accessories are installed on the vehicle. The repaired unit will be returned as soon as possible using Ground shipping methods (ground shipping is covered by warranty). For more information, call MSD at (915) 855-7123. MSD technicians are available from 7:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday - Friday (mountain time).

\*Intended normal use means that this item is being used as was originally intended and for the original application as sold by MSD. Any modifications to this item or if it is used on an application other than what MSD markets the product, the warranty will be void. It is the sole responsibility of the customer to determine that this item will work for the application they are intending. MSD will accept no liability for custom applications.